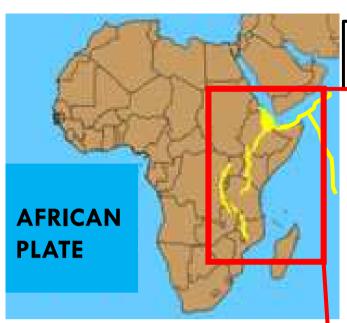
NYIRAGONGO VOLCAN

AN UNUSUAL TOURISTIC OPPORTUNITY

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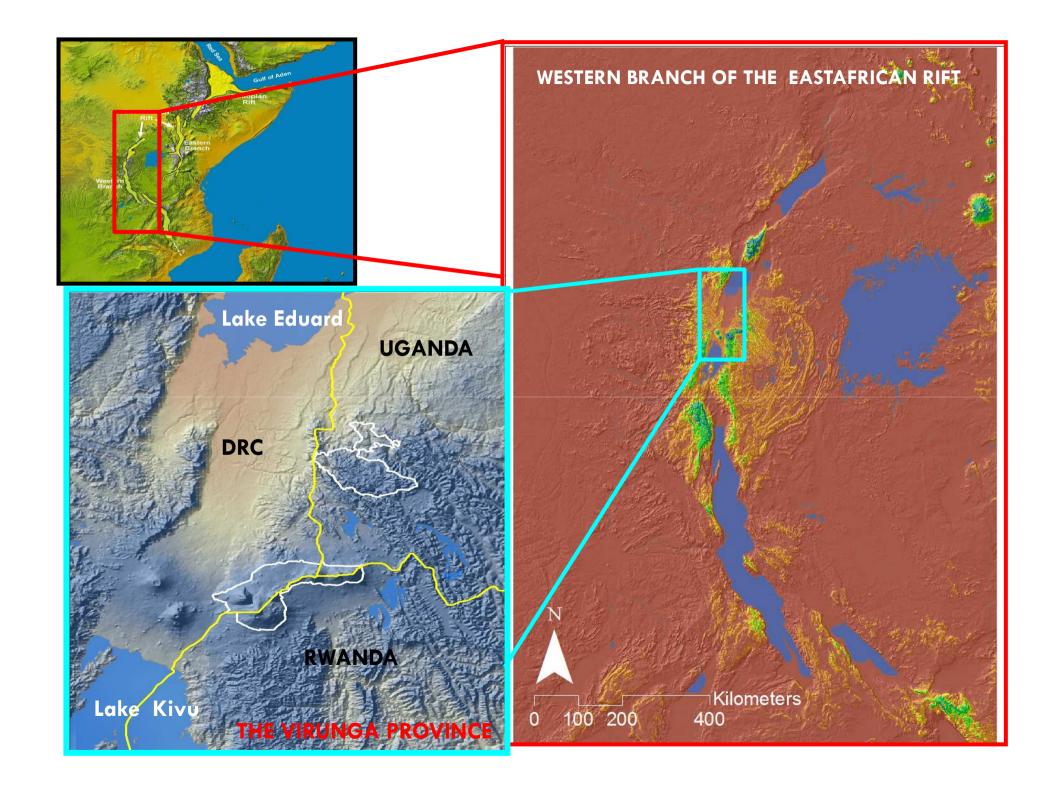
The East African Rift (EAR) is an approximately 6,000 X 30 km large that runs from the golf of Aden to central Mozambique in East Africa.

From the Ethiopia-Kenyan borders, it divides into two: the Western and the Eastern branches.

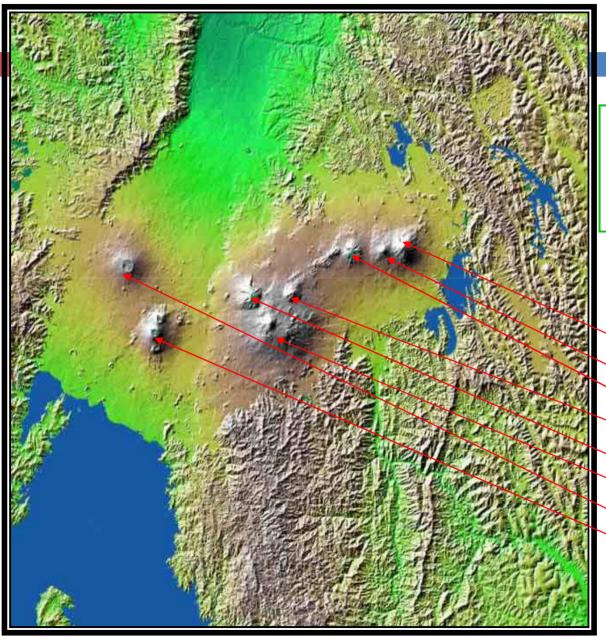
It is one of the geologic wonders of the world, a place where the earth's tectonic forces are presently trying to create new plates by splitting apart old ones.

1. The Western branch of the East African Rift and the Virunga Province



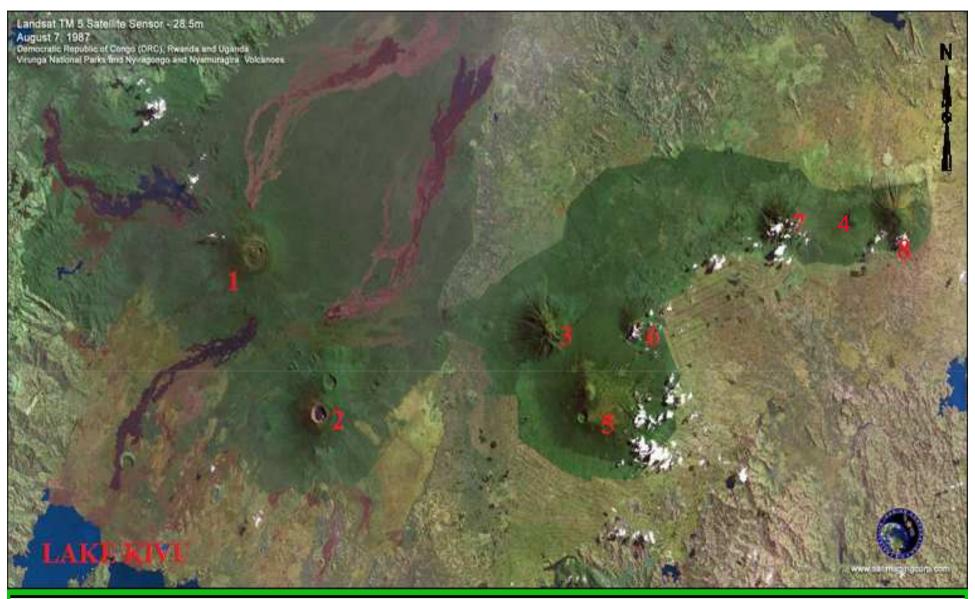


Virunga Volcanoes



The virunga volcanic province has 8 major volcanoes, only 2 still active.

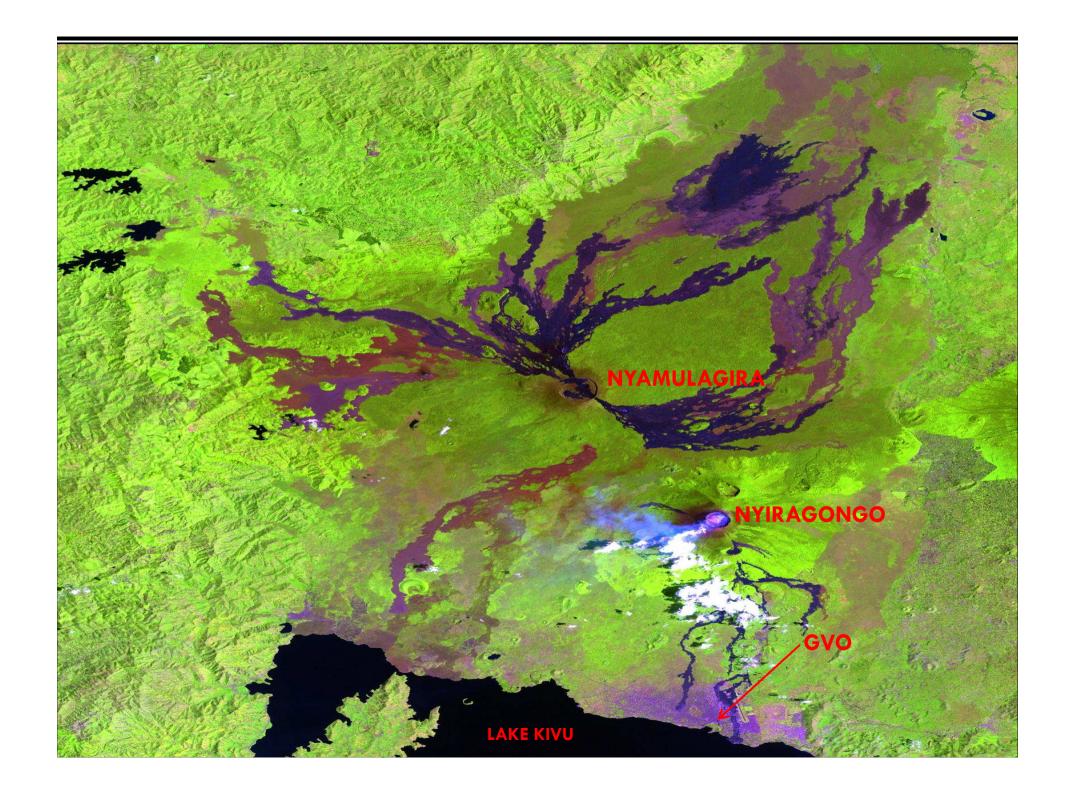
Muhabura
Gahinga
Sabinyo
Visoke
Mikeno
Karisimbi
Nyamulagira (active!)
Nyiragongo (active!)



- 1. Nyamulagira(3056m/RDC)
- 3. Mikeno (4437 m m/DRC).
- 5. Karisimbi (4506/ RDC-Rwanda),
- 7. Sabinyo (3647m/RDC-Rw-Ug),
- 2. Nyiragongo (3470m/RDC)
- **4. Gahinga** (3474 /Rwanda-Uganda)
- 6. Visoke (3911m/Rw-DRC),
- . 8. Muhabura (4127m/Rwanda-Ouganda),



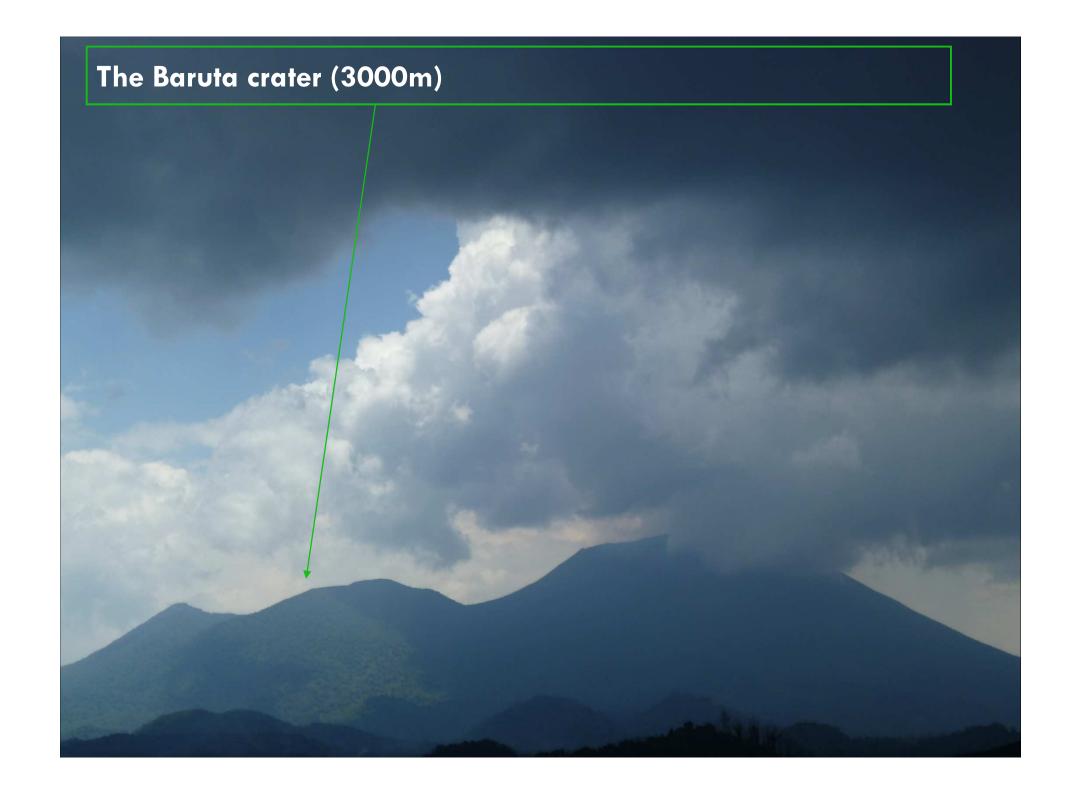




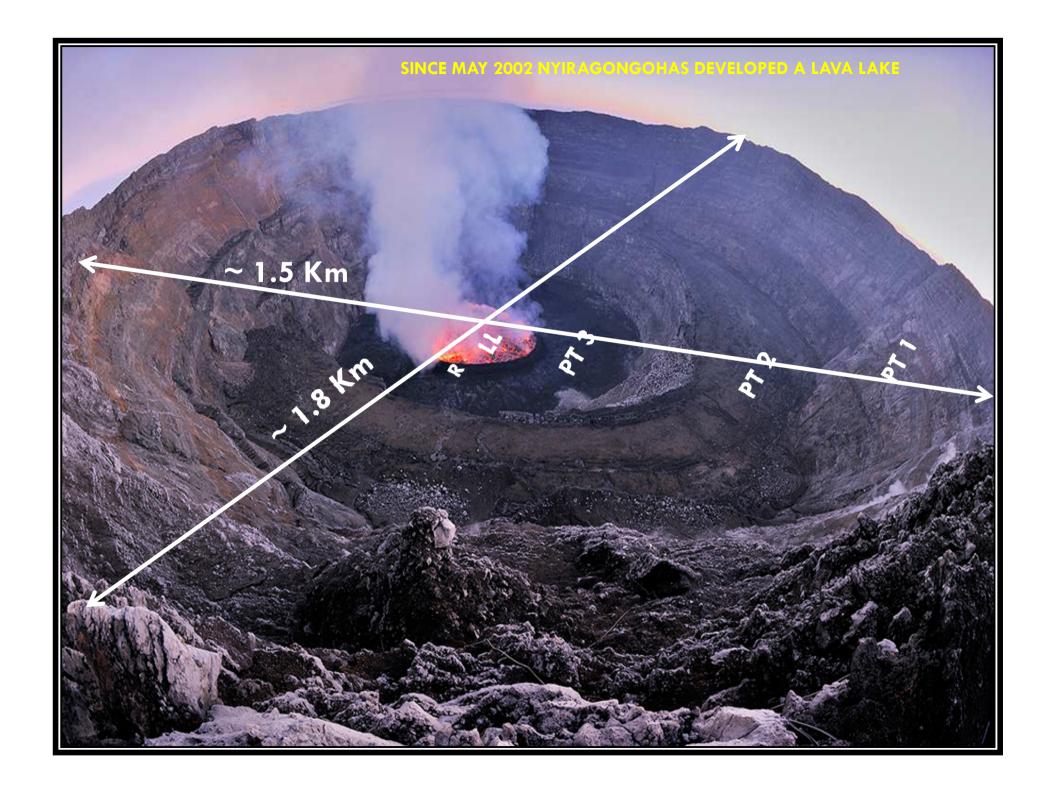
Basic Informations

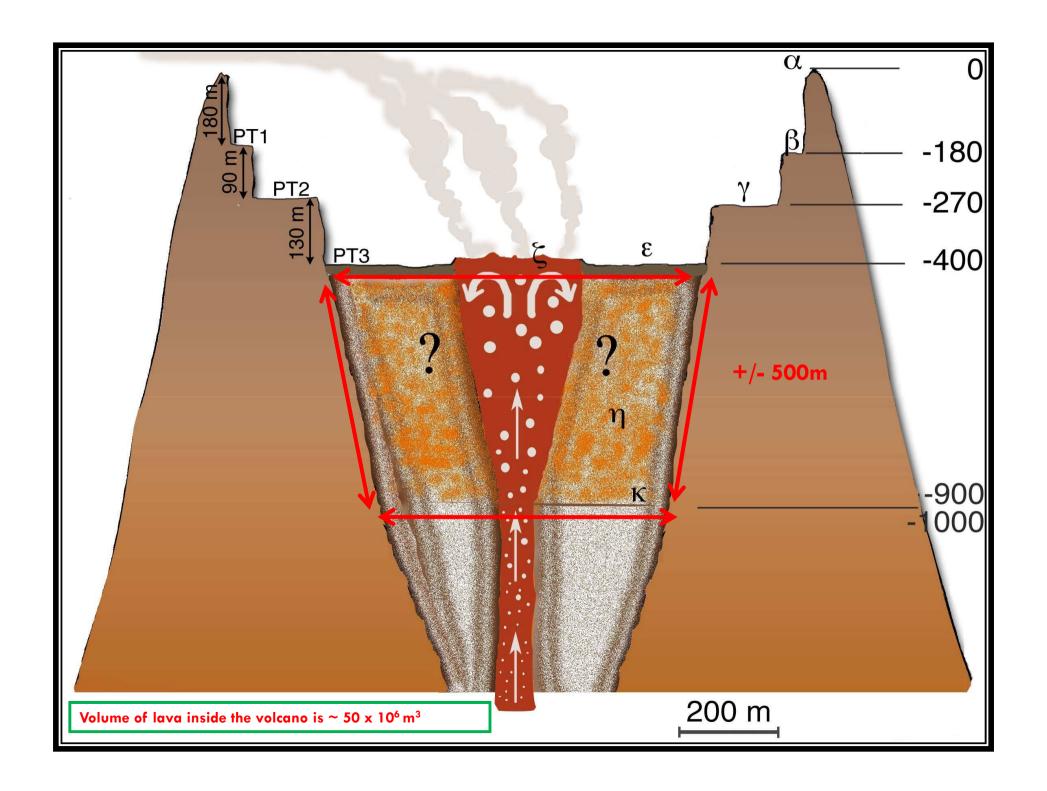
- Nyiragongo means "which smokes"
- □ Coordinates: 1.52° S and 29.25° E,
- □ Elevation: 3470 meters
- \square Discovered in ~ 1894 by the Germany explorer Gustav Adolf von Götzen.
- □ Age: +/- 15000 years old.
- The volcano partly overlaps with two older secondary crater, Baratu (3000m) and Shaheru (2700 m), and is also surrounded by hundreds of small volcanic cinder cones from flank eruptions.
- \square The main carter is about (1.5 1.8) kilometers wide.
- The crater has 3 platforms, the lava lake is found in the bottom of this.
- It is located inside Virunga National Park, in the Democratic Republic of the Congo, about 20 km north of the town of Goma and Lake Kivu and just west of the border with Rwanda.
- Not much is known about how long the volcano has been erupting, but since 1894 it has erupted two times: on January 10, 1977 and on January 2002.

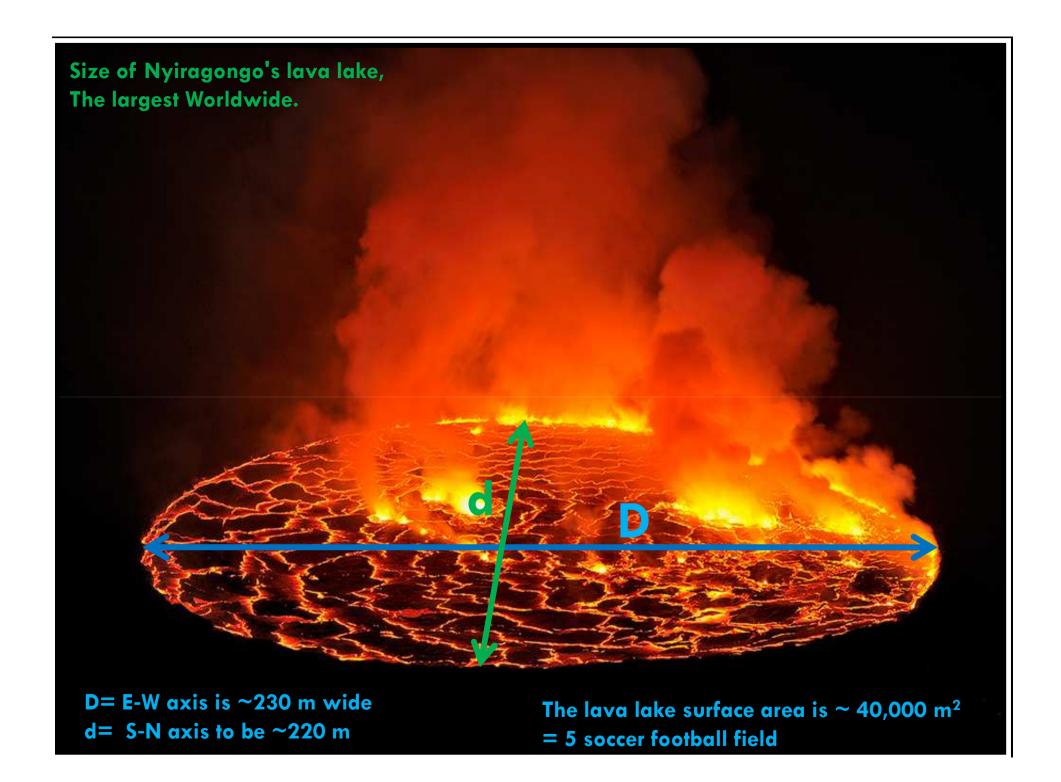


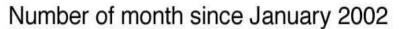


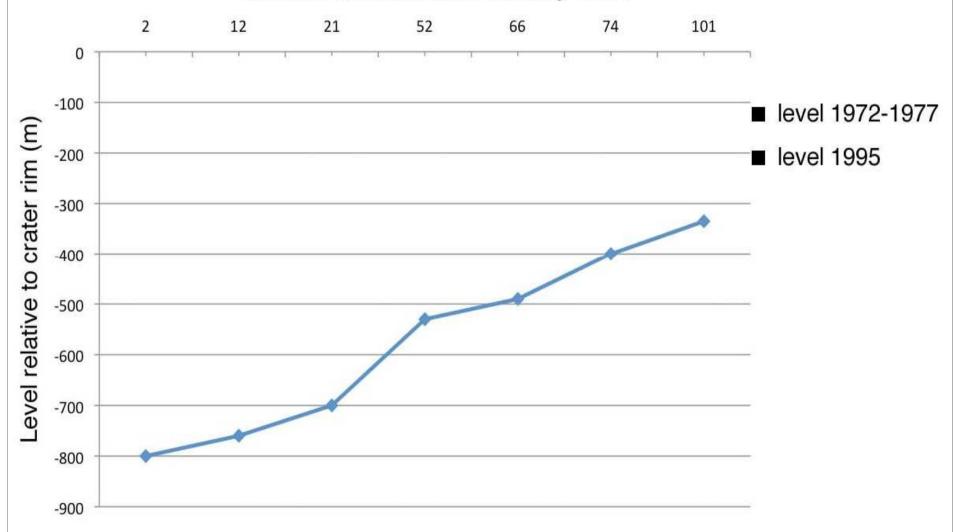






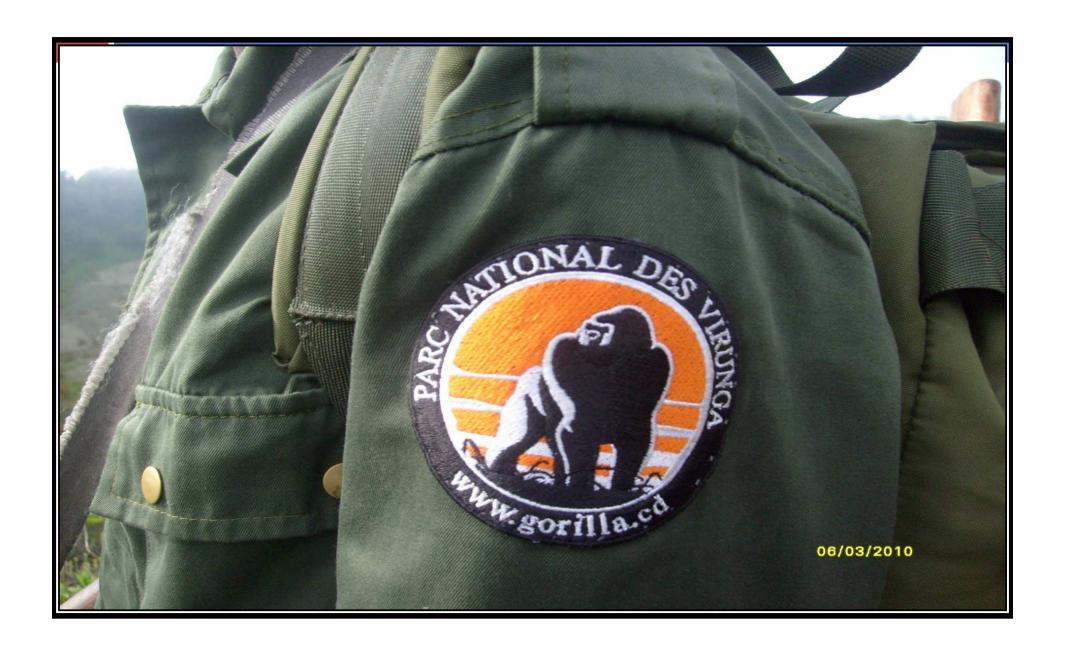






Changes in the lava lake level since January 2002

Present and Future advantages due to volcanism in the Virunga Volcanic Province.



1. Soil Fertilization

The lands of volcanic origin are fertile.



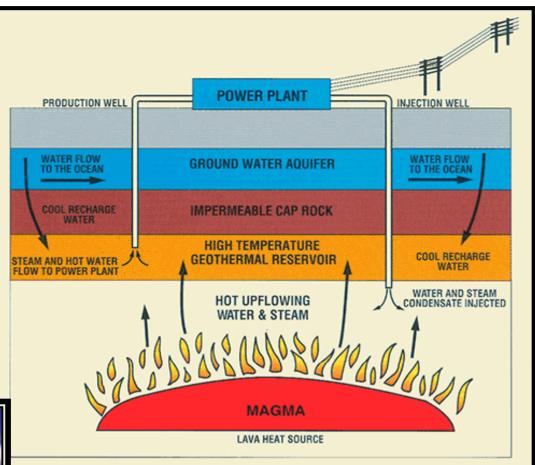


Farmers get up to 3 crops a year because the ash released by volcanoes are rich in nutrients and a macro climate due to volcanoes allows plants grow in dry season in the Virunga Volcanic Province.

2. Geothermal

Geothermal energy is a top source of renewable energy, better than solar or wind. When the wind doesn't blow and the sun doesn't shine, the heat from the volcano continues to produce a steady flow of power.





The technology in ready in use in many countries such as Hawaii and Iceland.

3. Building and Art

Even the rocks from volcanoes are of great value in Building and art:

- Light walls, and sound proofing are built using a mixture of lapilli and cement, this is called pozzolana.
- Olivine is a semi-precious stone used in jewelry as the peridot. Its name is due to its olive green.
- In Goma, the artists use the 'lava stones' as raw material to shape and mold materials of art.